MEMORANDUM

DATE: April 22, 2019
TO: Joy Leggett Murphy, Property Acquisition Division Manager, Property Management Department
THROUGH: Mitchell O. Palmer, County Attorney
FROM: Pamela J. D’Agostino, Assistant County Attorney

Issue Presented:

In this Request for Legal Services (RLS), you have asked the County Attorney’s Office (CAO) to review a vacation application.

Brief Answer:

I have reviewed the vacation application. At this preliminary stage in the process, portions of Sections 336.09 and 336.10, Florida Statutes, and Section 331 of the Manatee County Land Development Code (LDC) have been met. The applicants and staff will need to ensure full compliance with state and local laws as this application proceeds through the public hearing process to the Board of County Commissioners of Manatee County, Florida (Board). The decision to vacate this unimproved platted road is a business decision which the Board has the authority to make.

Recommendation:

Staff should confirm that no property will be landlocked if this right-of-way is vacated. If the vacation of a street serves to significantly impair access to one or more private properties, the

* Board Certified in Construction Law
** Board Certified in City, County, & Local Government Law
government may be liable in inverse condemnation. *Pinellas County v. Austin*, 323 So. 2d 6 (Fla. 2d DCA 1975).

**Facts:**

According to the vacation application, Kathleen A. Dupont and Joseph A. Pontes Jr. are requesting the Board vacate a fifty (50) foot platted right-of-way between lots twenty (20) and twenty-one (21) of the Wellon Ranch Estates Unit No. 1 subdivision plat from 1958 which serves no public purpose and leads to nowhere. The total area proposed to be vacated is six thousand 6,000 square feet in size.

**Discussion:**

1. **Authority to Vacate Platted Right-of-Way**

Public places and right-of-way are held in trust by the authorities for the benefit of the public to be used for public purposes; however, this public trust concept does not prevent the abandonment, vacation or discontinuance of streets when done in the interest of general welfare. In *Sun Oil Co. v. Gerstein*, 206 So. 2d 439 (Fla. 3d DCA 1968), the Court explained: “The fact that [the] title to the public place . . . vacated or discontinued [in the interest of the general welfare] may revert to the adjacent landowner is of no consequence if the power to vacate is present and such power is lawfully exercised.”

Section 336.09, Florida Statutes, provides the Board with the specific authority to vacate road right-of-way. According to Section 336.09(1):

[County] commissioners, with respect to property under their control may in their own discretion, and of their own motion, or upon the request of any agency of the state, or of the federal government, or upon petition of any person or persons, are hereby authorized and empowered to:

. . . .

(c) Renounce and disclaim *any right of the county* and the public in and to land, other than land constituting, or acquired for, a state or federal highway, *delineated on any recorded map or plat as a street, alleyway, road or highway*.

(Emphasis added.)
2. Procedure for Vacation of Platted Road Right-of-Way

a. Sections 336.09 and 336.10, Florida Statutes

In addition to providing the authority to vacate maintained road right-of-way, Sections 336.09 and 336.10, Florida Statutes, also provide the procedure for vacating platted road right-of-way. According to Section 336.10, an applicant who requests that the Board vacate any right or interest in land must make such a request in writing. Section 336.09 states that the Board “may adopt a resolution declaring that at a definite time and place a public hearing will be held to consider [a vacation application].” While adopting a resolution to declare a public hearing on the matter is optional, the Board must comply with the following requirements pursuant to Section 336.10:

1) “publish notice . . . one time, in a newspaper of general circulation in [the] county at least 2 weeks prior to the date [of the public hearing],”

2) “hold a public hearing,”

3) adopt a resolution evidencing any action of the commissioners after the public hearing and enter such action in the minutes of the commissioners,

4) include the applicant’s written request for vacation within the minutes of the commissioners,

5) publish notice of the adoption of said resolution “one time, within 30 days following its adoption, in one issue of a newspaper of general circulation published in the county,” and

6) record the following items in the deed records of the county:

   i. “proof of publication of notice of [the] public hearing,”

   ii. “the resolution as adopted,” and

   iii. “proof of publication of the notice of the adoption of [said] resolution.”

The alternative to having the Board adopt a resolution declaring a public hearing, is presenting a motion to the Board to schedule the public hearing.
b. Sections 331 and 312, Manatee County Land Development Code

Section 331 of the LDC codifies the requirements of Sections 336.09 and 336.10, Florida Statutes, within the laws of Manatee County and also provides specific legal guidelines as to the vacation application process in Manatee County. Section 331.2 of the LDC outlines the review process for vacation applications. An applicant must:

1) “complete and submit an application to the Department Director”; and

2) “furnish any additional maps, charts, surveys, legal descriptions, title opinions, and title policies as required by the Department Director for clarification to the reviewing agencies and the Board.”

Section 331.2, Manatee County Land Dev. Code. “Department Director” is defined within the LDC as “the staff person designated by the County Administrator to administer this code.” Section 200, Manatee County Land Dev. Code.

Appropriate published and posted notice of the vacation application must be provided in accordance with Section 336.10, Florida Statutes, and Section 312.7 of the LDC. If staff confirms that an applicant has complied with the vacation procedures of Sections 336.09 and 336.10, Florida Statutes, and Section 331 of the LDC, then the application will be legally acceptable and sufficiently complete for presentation to the Board. If, after review of an application and upon the close of the public hearing, the Board decides to approve the application, the Board shall adopt a resolution to that effect. Notice of adoption of such a resolution must then be published “one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation in Manatee County, Florida, within thirty (30) days following [its adoption].” Section 331.3, Manatee County Land Dev. Code. In accordance with 336.10, Florida Statutes, and Section 331.4 of the LDC, the following must be recorded in the deed records of the county:

1) A certified copy of the adopted vacation resolution,

2) Original proof of the one (1) publication of the notice of public hearing,

3) Location maps, survey, legal description or other appropriate data as determined by the Department Director,

4) Original proof of publication of the notice of adoption of the vacation resolution, and

5) Any applicable easements, if required.
Finally, within forty-five (45) days after the adoption of the resolution, the applicant must provide staff with a copy of all of the recorded documents. Section 331.4, Manatee County Land Dev. Code. Pursuant to Section 331.5 of the LDC, the vacation becomes effective after the required documents have been filed with the Clerk of the Circuit Court and duly recorded in the Public Records of Manatee County.

3. **Legal Review of Current Vacation Application**

   a. **Background of Right-of-Way**

   On January 5, 1959, the Wellons Ranch Estates Unit No. 1 subdivision plat was filed in Plat Book 11, Page 40, of the Public Records of Manatee County, Florida. The face of the plat states that “[t]he existing county roads as shown and the street, court and avenue as shown are hereby dedicated to the perpetual use of the public, if not already previously dedicated.” Furthermore, the plat appears to have been properly received and accepted by the Board in 1958.

   Staff has not provided much information within this RLS as to the background of the right-of-way sought to be vacated. This memorandum and the opinions expressed herein are premised upon the assumption that the information provided by the applicants providing their reasons and justification supporting the vacation request is accurate.

   b. **Compliance with Sections 336.09 and 336.10, Florida Statutes**

   In review of the subject application, the applicants provided a written application for vacation in compliance with Section 336.10, Florida Statutes. Prior to vacation, the Board must hold a public hearing and publish notice of same “one time, in a newspaper of general circulation in [the] county at least 2 weeks prior to” the date of the public hearing. Section 336.10, Florida Statutes. Staff must ensure compliance with this requirement that legal notice of the vacation application is provided to the public.

   c. **Compliance with Sections 312 and 331, Manatee County Land Development Code**

   Based on the documents provided with this RLS, it appears that some, but not all of the relevant and applicable portions of the LDC have been met. While this RLS includes a memorandum from the Director of Building and Development Services to the Board recommending that the vacation move forward to a public hearing, it does not contain a “report and recommendation” to the Board as required by Section 312.5.A.5.b. of the LDC. Staff must prepare a report and recommendation for presentation to the Board. The applicants have paid the $200 application fee and appear to have met all the minimum vacation application requirements.
Section 312 of the LDC requires that the applicants post notice of the public hearing and that the staff person designated by the County Administrator publish notice of the public hearing. In addition, affidavits affirming that the required notices have been made must be filed with staff at least five (5) days prior to the date of the hearing. This matter should not be presented to the Board unless staff is certain that all of the requirements of the LDC relative to posted and published notices have been met.

d. Other Considerations

This application was reviewed by twenty-four (24) reviewing entities, both within and outside of County government. All but one—the Survey Division Manager—responded indicating their lack of objection to the vacation application. The Survey Division Manager responded without objection relative to matters of survey, but indicated he would object to the vacation application if either the neighbor to the west or the neighbor to the north of the vacation area objected to the vacation. This RLS is devoid of any information relative to the position of either neighbor.

Conclusion:

At this preliminary stage in the application process, portions of Sections 336.09 and 336.10, Florida Statutes, and Section 331 of the LDC have been met. The applicants and staff will need to address all of the matters identified above and ensure that the procedures required by the applicable statutes and the LDC are met as this application proceeds to the Board for consideration. The decision to vacate this right-of-way is a business decision which the Board has the authority to make.

This completes my response to your RLS. Please contact me if you have any questions or if I can be of further assistance.

Copies to:
- Cheri Coryea, Acting County Administrator
- John Osborne, AICP, Infrastructure and Strategic Planning Official – Deputy County Administrator
- Karen M. Stewart, CECD, Economic Development Official – Acting Deputy County Administrator
- Charles Bishop, Director, Property Management Department
- Charles Meador, Real Property Specialist, Property Management Department
- Todd Boyle, Survey Division Manager, Property Management Department